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The Surgeon-General inquired as to what could be procured here for detention camp, in the way of tents or buildings, in case such should be necessary. I replied that tents and complete camp outfit could be secured from Fort Ringgold, provided that the Department quartermaster authorized the issuing of the materials.

I vaccinated two Mexican children coming from Camargo, and bound for Alice, Tex.

I met the mayor of Camargo at the ferry on the 25th instant, and he offered me all assistance should I visit Camargo, assuring me that I would receive courteous treatment at any point I should visit in this vicinity.

Doctor Kennedy, of this place, reports a case of continued malarial fever, which he took the precaution to screen. The case is now of over three weeks' duration. Dr. Soliz will take me to-day to see two similar cases a short distance from town.

Summary of work at Laredo and New Laredo.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, under date of September 6, 1904:

During week ended September 3, fumigated 24 houses containing 95 rooms and stocked 55 cisterns and wells with larvæ-eating fish; inspected 7,078 premises and oiled 1,650 water containers; maximum temperature, 103; rainfall, trace. Cock and force at Brownsville; MacGregor along line of Texas-Mexican. New Laredo reports, August 26 to September 4, 4,464 domiciliary visits; 172 water containers emptied, 72 oiled, and 29 premises cleared of rubbish.

INSPECTION SERVICE, MEXICAN BORDER.

Inspection at Nogales, Ariz.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gustetter reports as follows: Week ended August 27, 1904. Passengers inspected, 102; immigrants inspected, 16; immigrants deported, 2.

Inspection at Eagle Pass, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hume reports as follows:

	Week ended August 27.
Persons inspected	275
Persons held	0
Pullman cars fumigated	7

Bags Pullman linen disinfected, 30.

Inspected on footbridge, 3,305 persons. Returned by State quarantine officer—by train, 6; by bridge, 33.

Inspection at El Paso, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports as follows: Week ended August 27, 1904:

Inspection Mexican Central passengers, 236; inspection Mexican immigrants, 72; inspection special Syrians, 2; disinfection soiled linen imported for laundry work, 374 pieces; fumigation cattle hides imported from Mexico, 675; detention 2 days' passenger only 3 days out from

Veracruz; disinfection of baggage, passenger from Veracruz; vaccination of immigrant children, 6.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

CONNECTICUT—*Stamford*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 18,000. Total number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

ILLINOIS—*Belleville*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 19,000. Total number of deaths, 26, including whooping cough 1, and 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

IOWA—*Keokuk*.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 16,000. Total number of deaths, 16, including enteric fever 1, and 1 from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended August 27, 1904, from 87 observers, indicate that inflammation of kidneys, pleuritis, whooping cough, diphtheria, smallpox, inflammation of brain, and meningitis, were more than usually prevalent, and cholera morbus, dysentery, enteric fever, cholera infantum, intermittent fever, erysipelas, remittent fever, and measles were less than usually prevalent.

Meningitis was reported present at 1 place, pneumonia at 9, measles at 14, whooping cough at 17, diphtheria at 28, scarlet fever at 33, smallpox at 51, enteric fever at 77, and phthisis pulmonalis at 284 places.

GRAND RAPIDS.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 95,000. Total number of deaths, 86, including diphtheria 1, whooping cough 1, and 8 from tuberculosis.

MINNESOTA.—Reports to the State board of health for the month of January, 1904, from 53 localities, State institutions and other parts of the State, having an aggregate population of 1,751,395, show a total of 1,186 deaths, including diphtheria 22, enteric fever 27, measles 1, scarlet fever 31, whooping cough 3, smallpox 2, and 128 from tuberculosis.

Month of February, 1904. Total number of deaths, 1,488, including diphtheria 14, enteric fever 36, measles 4, scarlet fever 26, whooping cough 5, smallpox 2, and 155 from tuberculosis.

Month of March, 1904. Total number of deaths, 1,616, including diphtheria 25, enteric fever 41, measles 5, scarlet fever 29, whooping cough 5, smallpox 2, and 156 from tuberculosis.

Month of April, 1904. Total number of deaths, 1,381, including diphtheria 14, enteric fever 33, scarlet fever 8, whooping cough 3, smallpox 13, and 188 from tuberculosis.

Month of May, 1904. Total number of deaths, 1,476, including diphtheria 19, enteric fever 29, measles 3, scarlet fever 16, whooping cough 3, smallpox 8, and 194 from tuberculosis.

NEBRASKA—*Omaha*.—Month of May, 1904. Census population, 102,555. Total number of deaths, 91, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, scarlet fever 1, smallpox 1, and 10 from tuberculosis.

Month of June, 1904. Total number of deaths, 79, including 7 from tuberculosis.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—*Franklin*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 6,000. Total number of deaths, 8. No deaths from contagious diseases.